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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/670,575	09/26/2003	Bailey W. Mitchell	0219.02	3422	
25295 7	590 09/09/2005		EXAM	INER	
USDA, ARS,	OTT		DOLE, TR	мотну ј	
5601 SUNNYSIDE AVE					
RM 4-1159			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
BELTSVILLE, MD 20705-5131			2858		

DATE MAILED: 09/09/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)
		10/670,575	MITCHELL ET AL.
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit
		Timothy J. Dole	2858
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication apor Reply	opears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence address
WHIC - Exte after - If NC - Failu Any	IORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REP CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 10 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Diperiod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period re reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute to received by the Office later than three months after the mail red patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	DATE OF THIS COMMUNI 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a d will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO tte, cause the application to become A	CATION. reply be timely filed NTHS from the mailing date of this communication. BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status	,		
1)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 08	July 2005	
		is action is non-final.	
3)	Since this application is in condition for allow		ters, prosecution as to the merits is
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under	•	•
Disposit	ion of Claims		
4) 🖂	Claim(s) 12-22 is/are pending in the application	on.	
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdr		
5)[Claim(s) is/are allowed.		
6)⊠	Claim(s) <u>12-22</u> is/are rejected.		
7)	Claim(s) is/are objected to.		
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and	or election requirement.	
Applicat	ion Papers		· ~100
9) 🗌	The specification is objected to by the Examir	ner.	
10)⊠	The drawing(s) filed on 08 July 2005 is/are: a	a)⊠ accepted or b)□ obje	cted to by the Examiner.
	Applicant may not request that any objection to th	e drawing(s) be held in abeya	nce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the corre	ection is required if the drawing	g(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the B	Examiner. Note the attache	d Office Action or form PTO-152.
Priority ι	under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
_	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreig	un nriority under 35 H.S.C.	8 119(a)-(d) or (f)
•	☐ All b)☐ Some * c)☐ None of: 1.☐ Certified copies of the priority document		g 119(a)-(u) of (i).
	2. Certified copies of the priority document		Application No.
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the pri application from the International Bure	ority documents have beer	
* 5	See the attached detailed Office action for a lis		received
Attachmen	it(s)		
_	ce of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview	Summary (PTO-413)
2) 🔲 Notic	ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/0	Paper No	(s)/Mail Date Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
<i>,</i> —	rr No(e)/Mail Date	6) Cother:	., , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 2. Claims 12-16 and 18-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Mitchell et al.

Referring to claim 12, Mitchell et al. discloses a portable high efficiency electrostatic sampling device comprising: at least one discharge electrode (fig. 1 (3)), a high voltage power supply operatively connected to said at least one electrode (column 4, lines 18-49); a power source operatively connected to said high voltage power supply and at least one discharge electrode (column 4, lines 18-49), wherein said high voltage power supply effects ionization from said at least one electrode (column 4, lines 18-49); wherein said device generates a sufficient electrostatic charge to capture viable organisms on a grounded, conductive material (fig. 1 (4), column 4, lines 18-26, column 6, line 66 – column 7, line 1 and abstract).

Referring to claim 13, Mitchell et al. discloses the device as claimed, further comprising a voltage regulator operatively connected to said power source and said high voltage power supply (column 6, lines 22-25 and column 9, lines 61-62)).

Referring to claim 14, Mitchell et al. discloses the device as claimed, further comprising a first sealed compartment (fig. 3 (16)) creating a watertight enclosure of electronic parts.

Referring to claim 15, Mitchell et al. discloses the device as claimed, further comprising a second sealed compartment creating a watertight enclosure of said power source (column 6, lines 49-53).

Referring to claim 16, Mitchell et al. discloses the device as claimed wherein said power source is selected from the group consisting of at least one battery, an AC powered adaptor with a DC output, and combinations thereof (column 6, lines 22-25).

Referring to claim 18, Mitchell et al. discloses the device as claimed wherein said grounded, conductive material is selected from the group consisting of water (fig. 2 (8) and column 14, line 32), cell culture media, microbiological media, metal material, and conductive carbon.

Referring to claim 19, Mitchell et al. discloses a method for collecting airborne particulates comprising: placing a portable high efficiency electrostatic sampling device of claim 12 in a vicinity to be sampled (column 9, lines 24-29), applying a high negative voltage to at least one discharge electrode to create a strong electrostatic field close a grounded, conductive material (column 9, lines 55-62), and collecting particulates in or on said grounded, conductive material (column 10, lines 22-28) wherein said electrostatic field generates a sufficient electrostatic charge to capture viable organisms on a grounded, conductive plate (fig. 1 (4), column 4, lines 18-26, column 6, line 66 – column 7, line 1 and abstract).

Referring to claim 20, Mitchell et al. discloses the method as claimed wherein said particulates are microorganisms (abstract).

Referring to claim 21, Mitchell et al. discloses a method for collecting airborne particulates comprising: placing a portable, high efficiency electrostatic sampling device of claim 13 in a vicinity to be sampled (column 9, lines 24-29), applying a high negative voltage to at least one discharge electrode to create a strong electrostatic field to airborne particulates (column 9, lines 55-62), and collecting particulates in or on a grounded, conductive material (column 10, lines 22-28) wherein said electrostatic field generates a sufficient electrostatic charge to capture viable organisms on a grounded, conductive plate (fig. 1 (4), column 4, lines 18-26, column 6, line 66 – column 7, line 1 and abstract).

Referring to claim 22, Mitchell et al. discloses the method as claimed wherein said particulates are microorganisms (abstract).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claim 17 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mitchell et al. in view of Spurrell.

Referring to claim 17, Mitchell et al. discloses the device as claimed except wherein said grounded, conductive material is a media suitable to culture microorganisms.

Spurrell discloses an air sampler wherein said grounded, conductive material is a media suitable to culture microorganisms (abstract).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to incorporate the media of Spurrell into the device of Mitchell et al. for the purpose of growing the sampled microorganisms whereby providing more information about the gas sample.

Response to Arguments

- 5. Applicant's arguments filed July 8, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.
- 6. In response to Applicants arguments with respect to claim 12, that "Mitchell et al. fail to teach an electrostatic sampling device wherein said device generates a sufficient electrostatic charge to capture viable organisms on a grounded, conductive material" (page 6, last paragraph), it should be noted that Mitchell et al. discloses these limitations as shown in the rejection above. The abstract of Mitchell et al. discloses that airborne contaminants, such as microorganisms (which are viable organisms), are reduced from the air and can be captured on a grounded collection tray. It should be noted that while the device of Mitchell et al. may be lethal to airborne and surface bacteria (as stated on page 7 of the arguments), there are no limitations in the claims that require that the microorganism be kept alive throughout the process. Although the

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claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Final Rejection

7. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Timothy J. Dole whose telephone number is (571) 272-2229. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon. thru Fri. from 8:00 to 4:30.

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lefkowitz can be reached on (571) 272-2180. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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ANJAN DEB PRIMARY EXAMINER

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